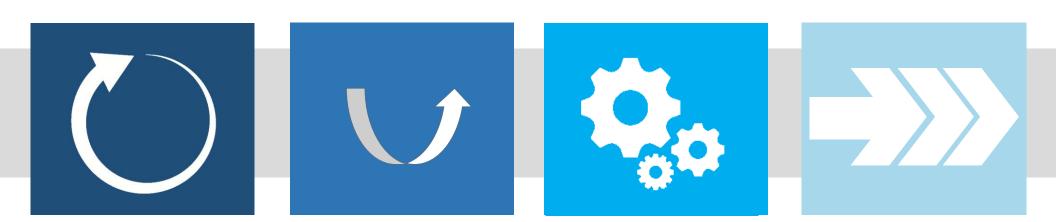
INMAN SQUARE INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT



Community Meeting #3: Plaza Design Input July 25, 2017







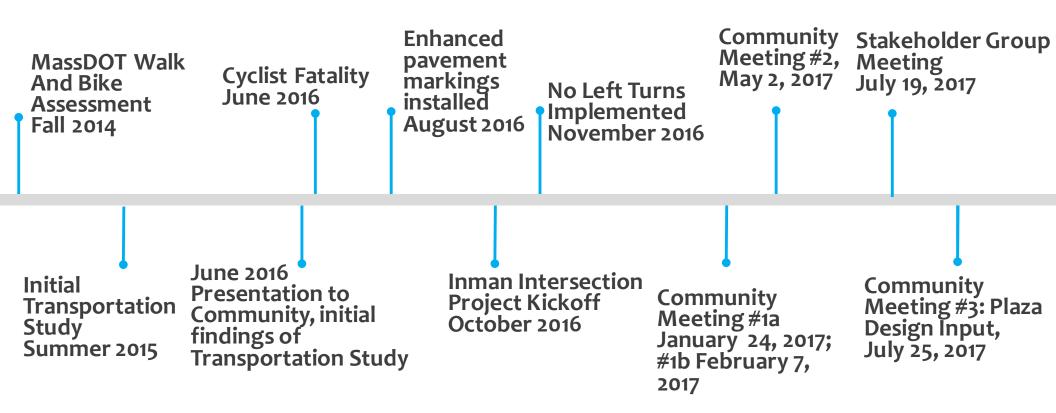
Project Background

Review Preferred Concept Plaza/Open Space Considerations

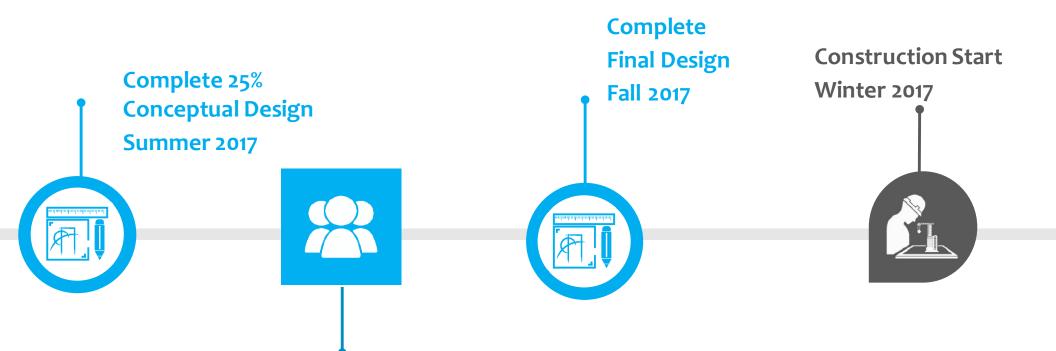
Next Steps



Project Background Project Timeline



Project Background OProject Timeline

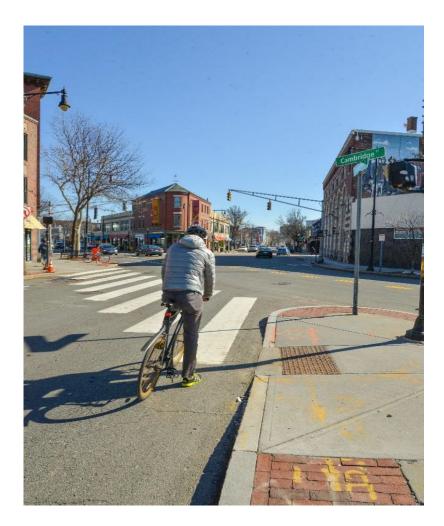


Community Meetings #3 and #4; Stakeholder Group Meetings Summer/Fall 2017

Project Background OInitial Transportation Study

- Complaints of high delay for all modes of transportation
 - Long signal cycle lengths
 - High volumes of bicyclists
- Existing operational deficiencies
 - Layout of crosswalks irregular
 - Large intersection for bicyclists and vehicles to traverse
- Review of Crash Data 2008-2012
 - 69 total crashes in 5 years (exceeds MassDOT avg Statewide crash rate)
 - Most frequent type of crash type

 angle crash
 - 15 bicycle involved crashes, 5 pedestrian involved crashes



Project Background Existing Conditions



- Crosswalks outside of desire lines and some not signal controlled
- Existing geometry results in long distance for pedestrians and bikes to travel
- 3. No signal control for Hampshire Street Southbound turn to Antrim Street
- 4. Issues with clearance time for all users
- 5. Unclear lane control on Cambridge Street

Project Background

ODesired Outcomes









- Reduce exposure through more compact intersection design
- Minimize conflicts with turning vehicles
- Provide separation

- Reduce length of crosswalks and signal wait times
- Provide more direct crosswalk routing
- Provide improved pedestrian environment through landscaping and enhanced amenities

- Reduce unnecessary vehicular delay
- Provide clear guidance and lane controls
- Increase efficiency through more compact intersection design

- Reduce bus/transit delay
- Improve location of and access to MBTA bus stops

Project Background Desired Outcomes (continued)







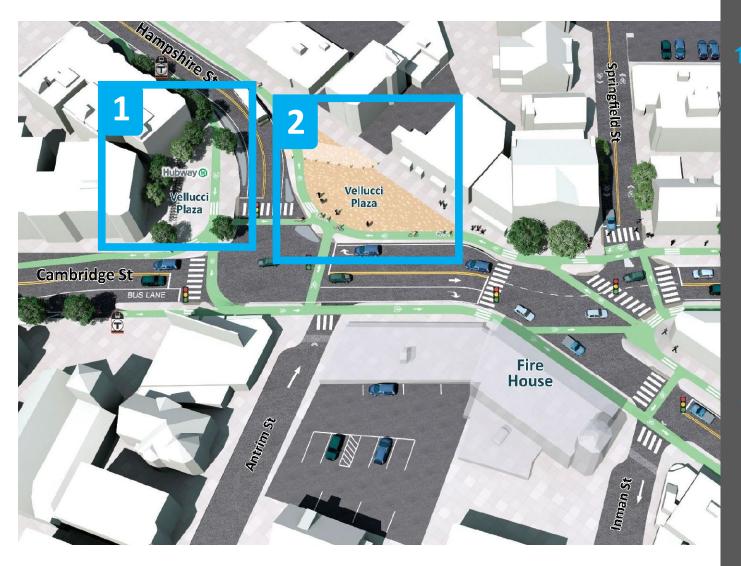
 Provide pedestrian plaza adjacent to businesses • Maintain truck access through intersection

• Maintain protected firehouse egress/access



Inman Square - Preferred Concept

City of Cambridge July 2017



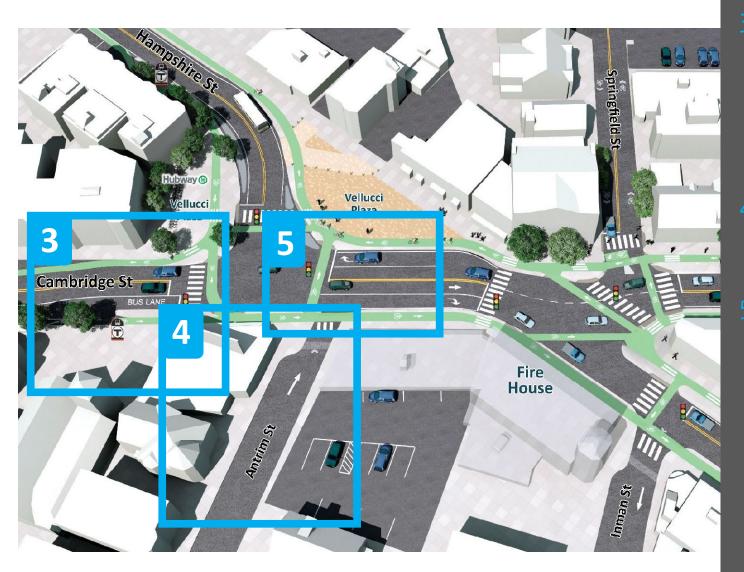
 Separated bike lane through existing Vellucci Plaza

Maintain large caliper trees

Maintain and/or expand Hubway station

2. Create new Vellucci Plaza adjacent to retail

Maintain driveway access to businesses

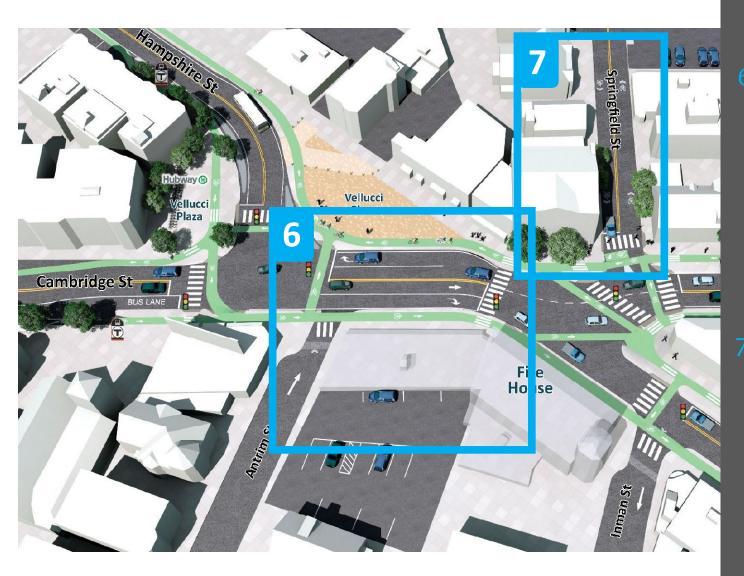


 Balance between parking and transit

Transit priority opportunity

- 4. Consider Reversing
 Direction of Antrim Street (not required)
- 5. Vehicle turn lanes to allow for protected pedestrian crossings

Potential to improve morning peak hour service on MBTA Bus Route 91



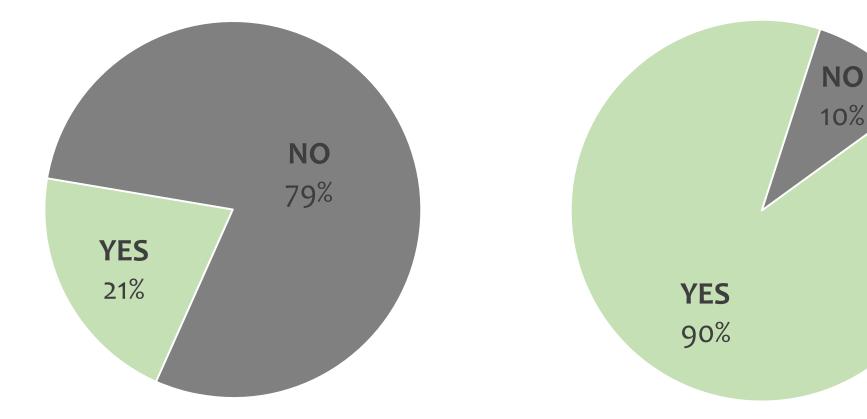
Pedestrian crossing at heart of intersection

Signalized access to fire house maintained

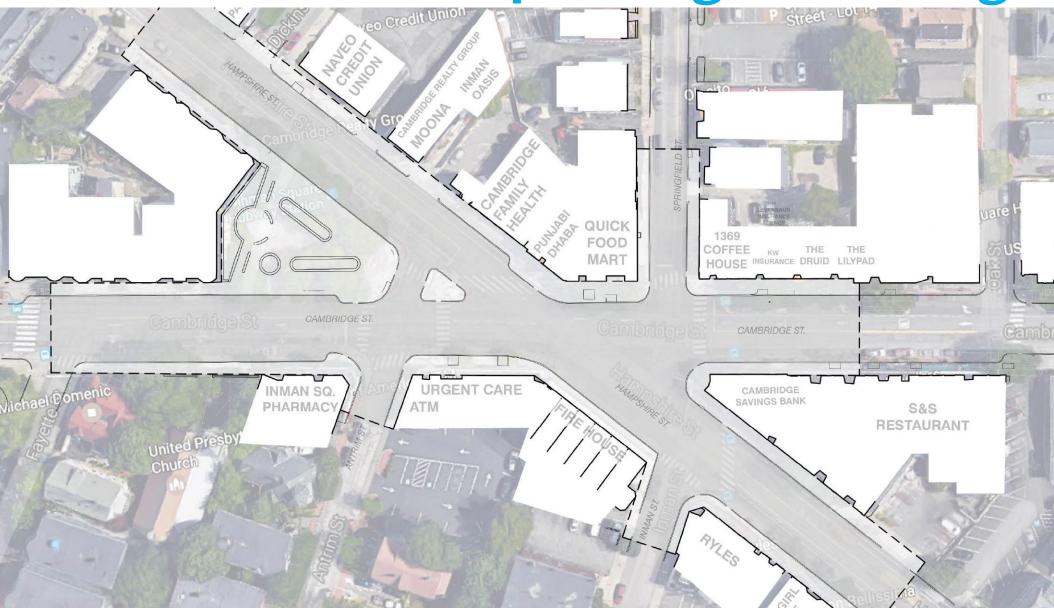
 Maintain two-way direction on Springfield Street

Relocate MBTA Bus Route 91 to Prospect Street

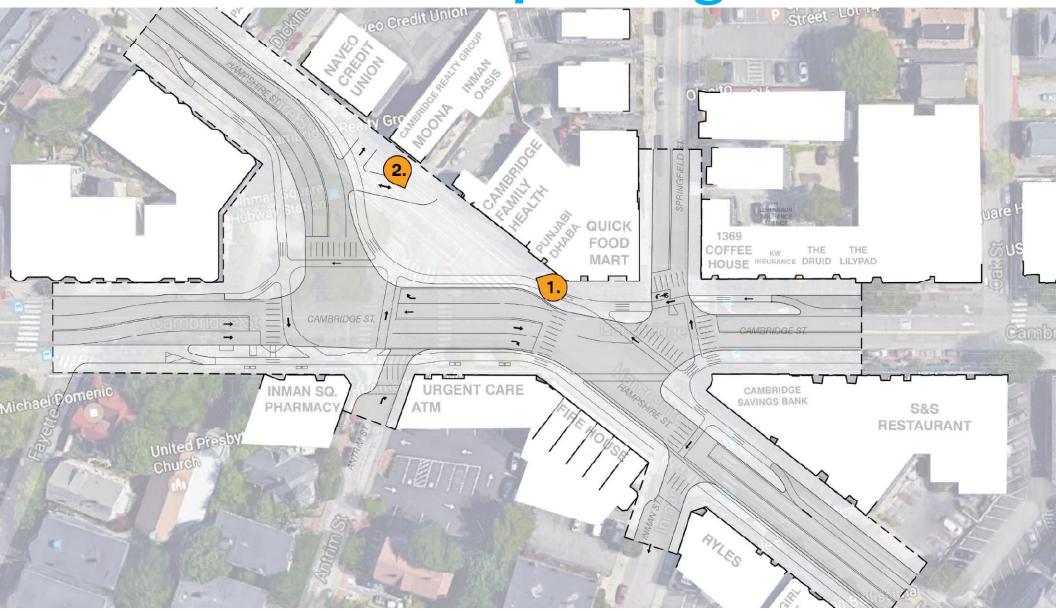
Do you think Vellucci Plaza should stay the way it is today? Do you think there should be additional pedestrian-oriented space in the Inman Area?



Review of Concept Design - Existing



Review of Concept Design - 2 Views



View 1: Existing Conditions



View 1: Proposed Concept



View 2: Existing Conditions



View 2: Proposed Concept



Plaza/Open Space Considerations

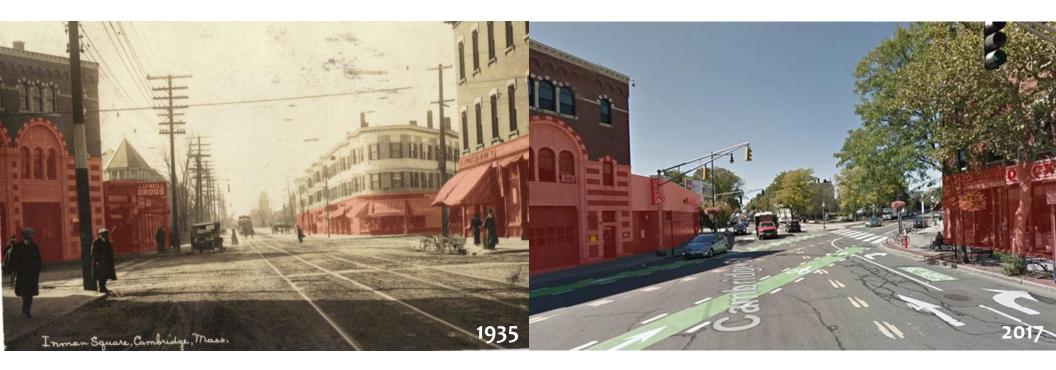
Inman Square character, identity, scale

Plaza Concept spatial "heart of the square"

Plaza Design precedents & elements

Additional Design Opportunities edges, memorials, art

Character & Identity



Character & Identity



Cambridge Street - Inman Square

Character & Identity



Cambridge Street - Inman Square



Mass Ave - Central Square

Multiple Scales – Regional/City







Multiple Scales – Neighborhood/Site



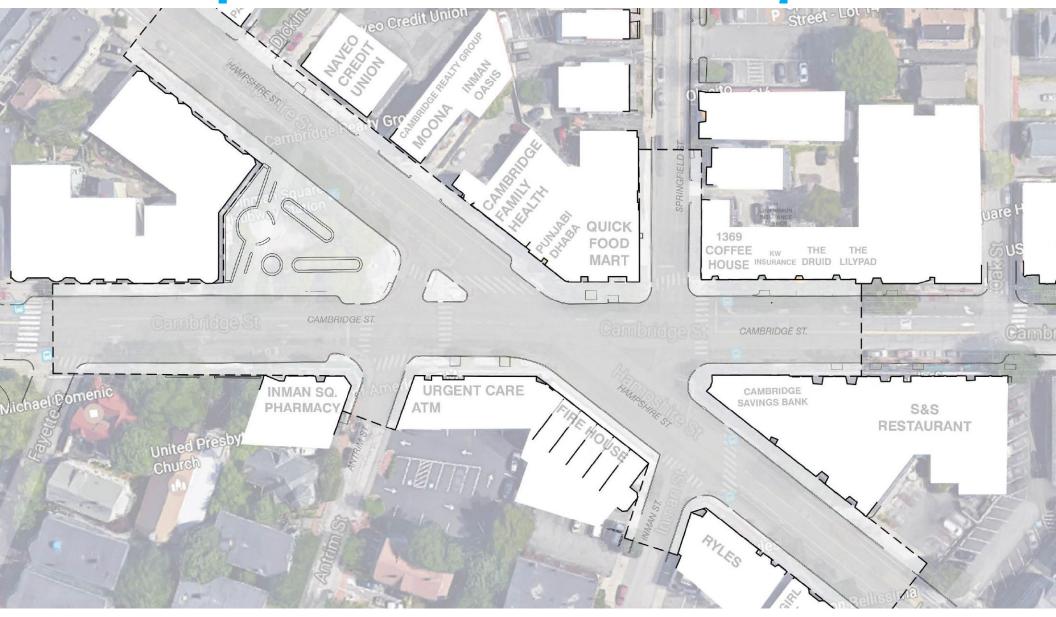
Multiple Scales – Personal/Detail



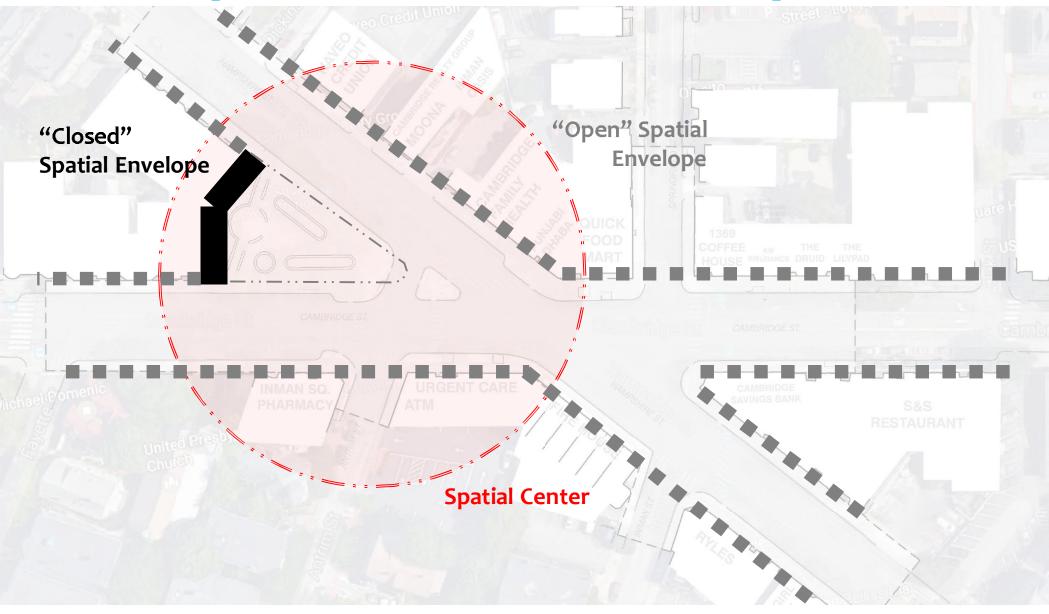




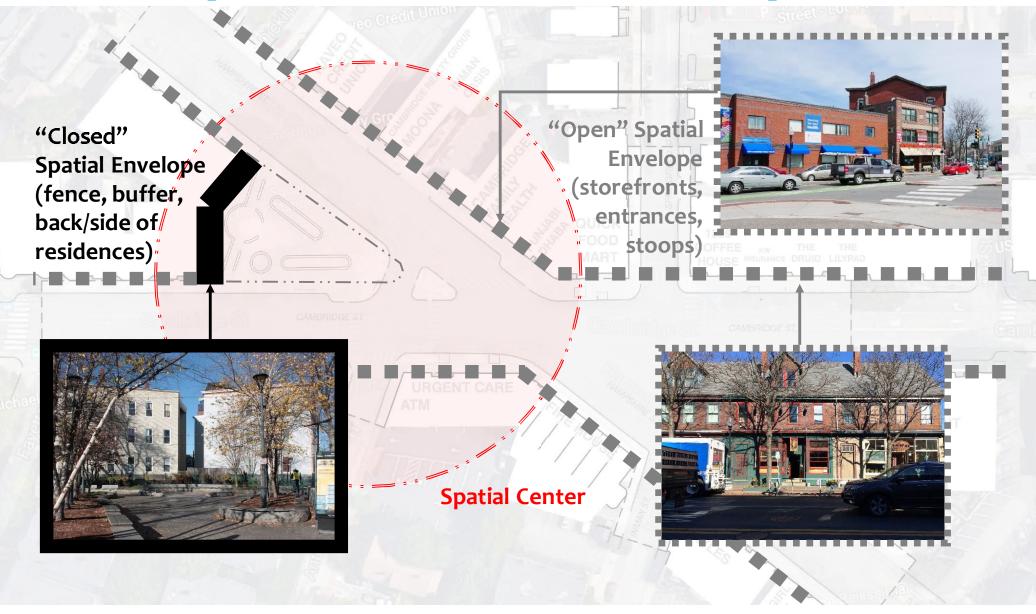
The Spatial 'Heart of the Square'



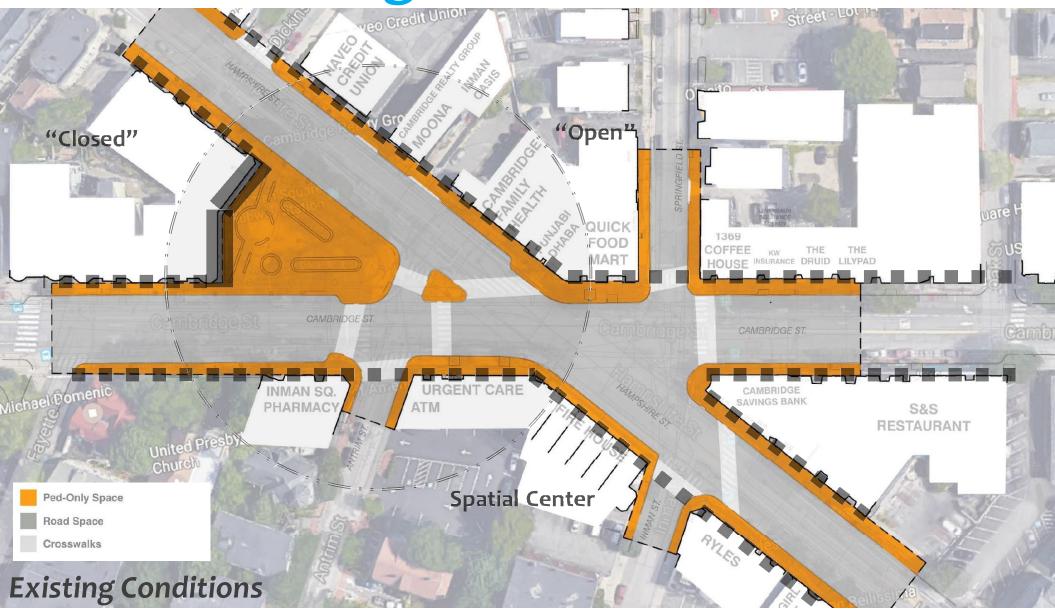
The Spatial 'Heart of the Square'



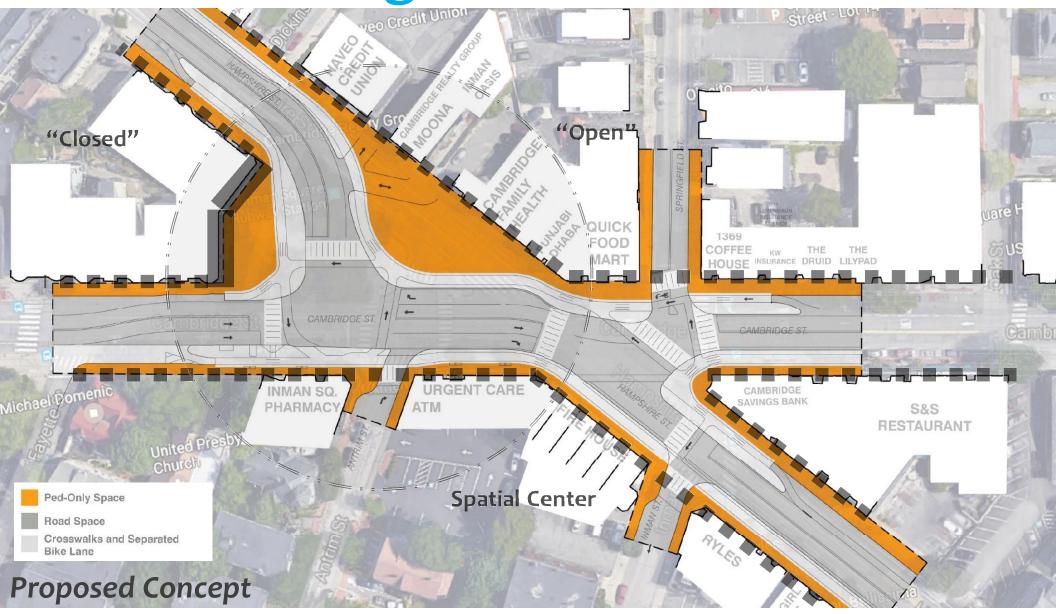
The Spatial 'Heart of the Square'



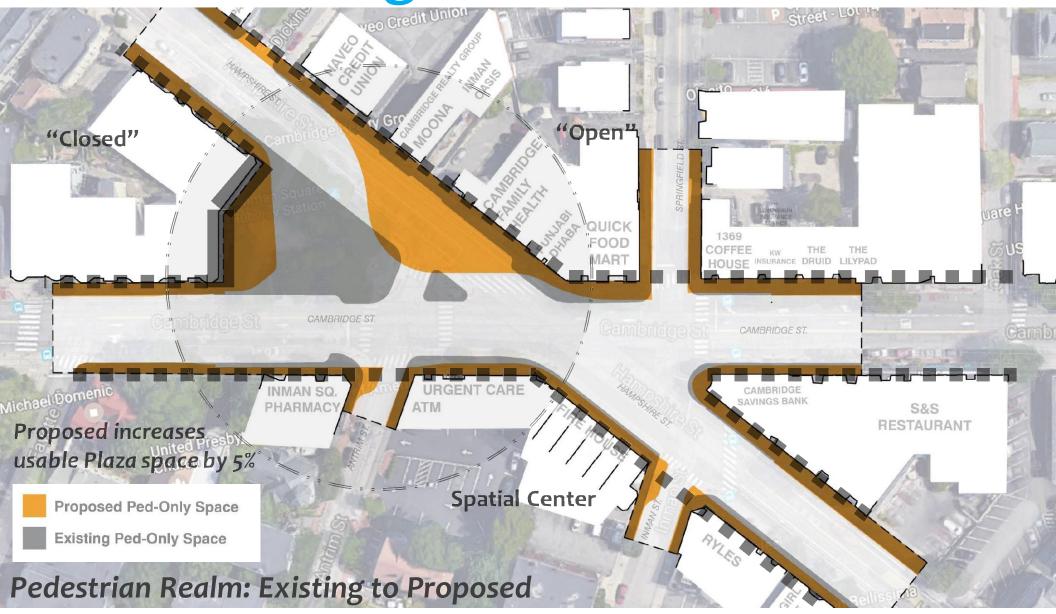
Re-Centering the Plaza



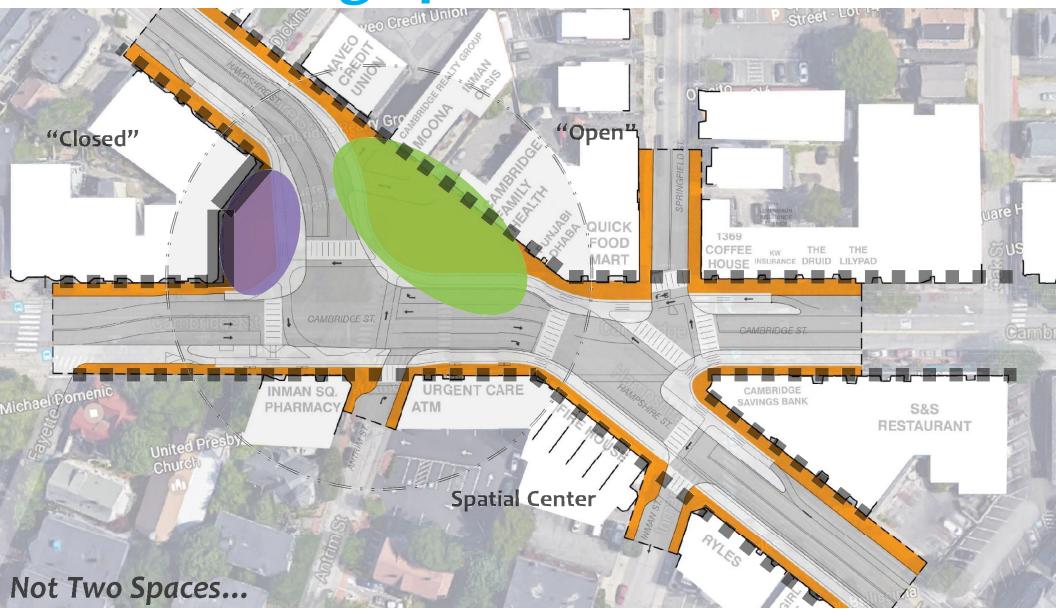
Re-Centering the Plaza



Re-Centering the Plaza



Connecting Spaces



Connecting Spaces



Connecting Spaces





QUESTION

What key features will help make the Plaza memorable?





Existing Vellucci Plaza

Lafayette Square, Cambridge

Plaza Design



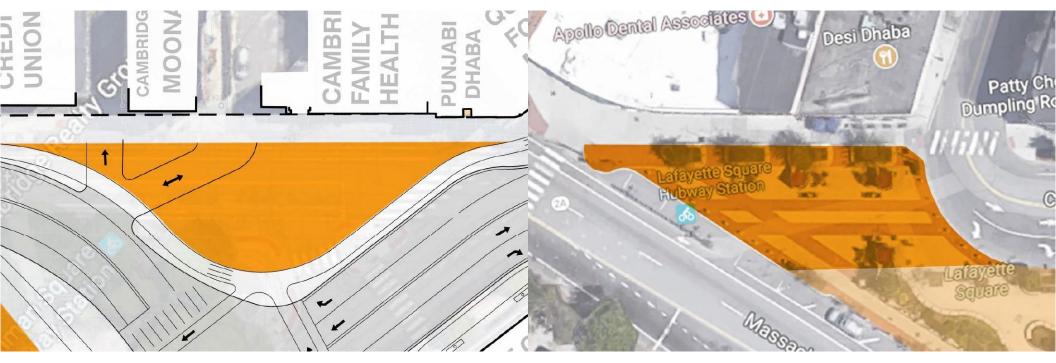
Proposed Concept – Inman Square

Lafayette Square, Cambridge

Mainsa

Meiner

Plaza Design



Proposed Vellucci Plaza

Lafayette Square, Cambridge

Plaza Design



Proposed Vellucci Plaza – w/ Lafayette Square underlay

Lafayette Square, Cambridge

Plaza Design



How do we make a Plaza that is ...

Flexible Functional Engaging Busy Green Inclusive Artful Distinctive, and Memorable?

Plaza Design



Create a distinctive ground plane to define the space ...





Plaza Design





Integrate memorable site elements that engage people ...

Parklet Washington, DC





Plaza Design





Incorporate lighting to distinguish the Plaza's features and illuminate the pedestrian realm ...





Plaza Design



Construct a tree canopy as a signature spatial feature to be enjoyed at multiple scales ...



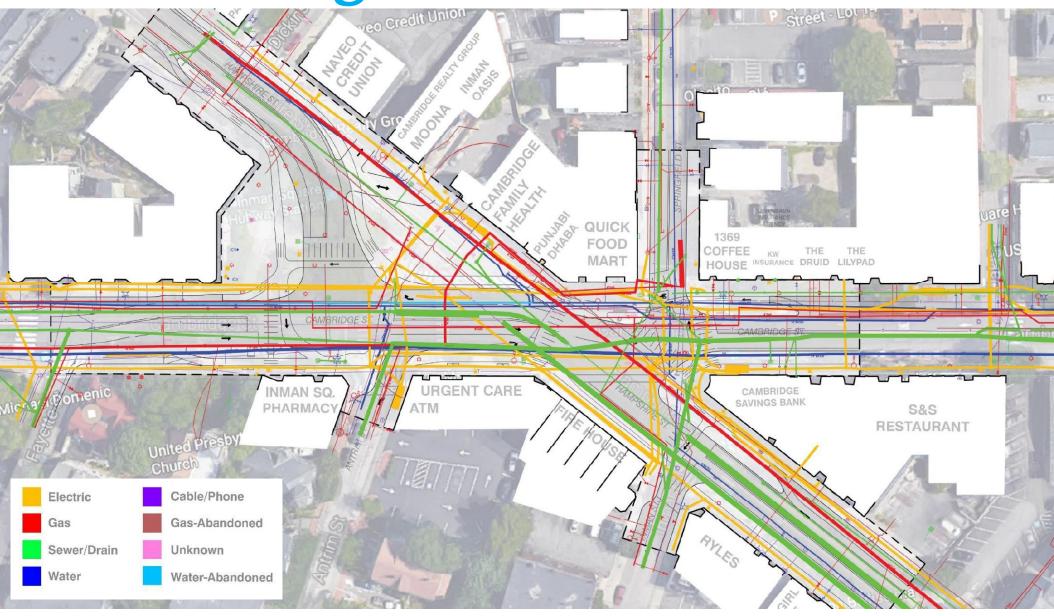
Plaza Design



Plaza Design



Plaza Design





QUESTION

What elements will help make the Plaza welcoming and wellused? What do you like or not like about similar places?

Additional Design Opportunities

Bicycle/Pedestrian Edges
Contribute to the Character of Plaza

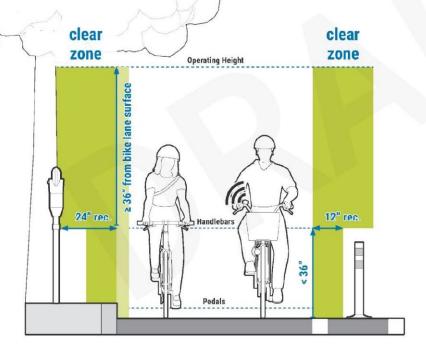




Bicycle/Pedestrian Edges

USABLE BIKE LANE WIDTH

Proximity to objects or curbs along the bike lane edge can affect the comfort of the separated bike lane. Bicyclists will naturally shy away from these obstructions - and increase their operating spaces - to avoid handlebar or pedal strikes. The rideable surface of the bike lane would be reduced and passing functionality potentially eliminated if vertical objects are too close to bicyclists or Curbs too high.



3.5 SIDEWALK BUFFER ZONE

1

The sidewalk buffer zone separates the bike lane from the sidewalk. It communicates that the sidewalk and the bike lane are distinct spaces. By separating people walking and bicycling. encroachment into these spaces is minimized and the safety and comfort is enhanced for both users. Design strategies for the sidewalk buffer include object separation (e.g., street furniture or landscaping), curb separation or visual separation (i.e., variation of surface materials). The design team may use a combination of these strategies, for example supplementing street furniture with brick or unit payers.

Physical separation with street furniture, landscaping or other objects is recommended for the sidewalk buffer provided that an accessible path of travel and sufficient sidewalk width is maintained for unobstructed pedestrian flow.

In constrained locations where physical separation is desirable because of moderate to high pedestrian demand, for example town centers and urban areas. curb separation is preferable to ensure pedestrians do not walk in the bike lane. and bicyclists do not ride on the sidewalk. However it is also possible to achieve the desired separation when the sidewalk and bike lane are at the same elevation and are directly adjacent to each other by providing a high degree of visual contrast between the two. This can be accomplished through the utilization of different materials for each zone, stained surfaces, or applied surface colorization materials.

MassDOT Separated Bike Lane Planning & Design Guide

- Sidewalks must provide a 4 ft. minimum continuous and unobstructed clear width, excluding the width of the curb.
- A sidewalk width narrower than 5 ft. excluding the width of the curb requires a design exception. Wider sidewalks ranging from 6 ft. to 20+ ft. are recommended for town centers and urban areas (see Section 5.3.1 of the PD&DC).
- Shy distances to objects and curbs may impact the usable width of the bike lane (see Section 3.3.3) and the sidewalk (see Section 5.3.1 of the PD&DG).
- Maintain adequate offsets between objects (e.g., trees, streetlights, hydrants, etc.) and locations (e.g., driveways, loading zones, transit stops and intersections).
- Refer to local streetscape and historic district guidelines for recommended sidewalk buffer materials.
- Sidewalk buffer may utilize permeable pavers to assist with on-site stormwater management (see Section 3.8.2).



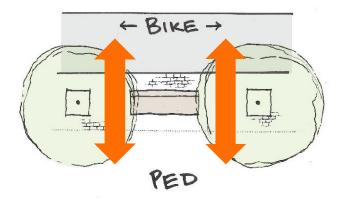
Bicycle/Pedestrian Edges

Non-Porous Edge

Philadelphia, PA

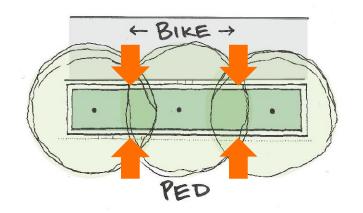
Porous Edge

Bicycle/Pedestrian Edges



Bollards Individual Planters Trees in Pavers Benches Bike racks Art

POROUS EDGES

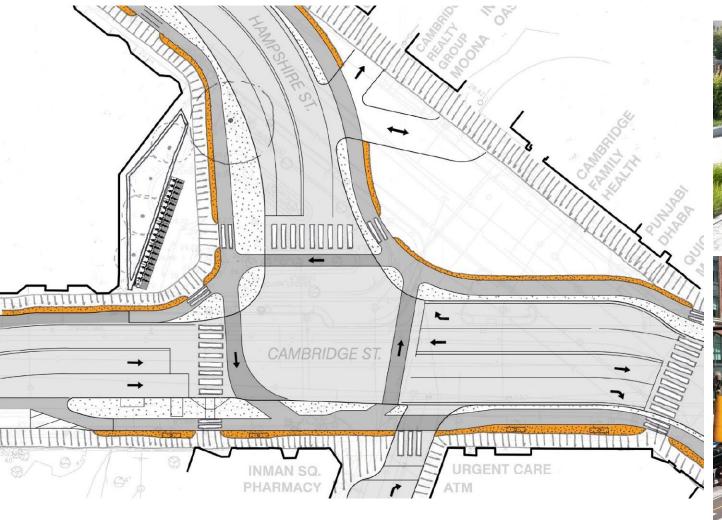


Fences Walls Scrims/Screens Continuous Planters Planting Beds Seat Walls Art

NON-POROUS EDGES

Bicycle/Pedestrian Edges

Non-Porous Edge e.g., continuous/thin

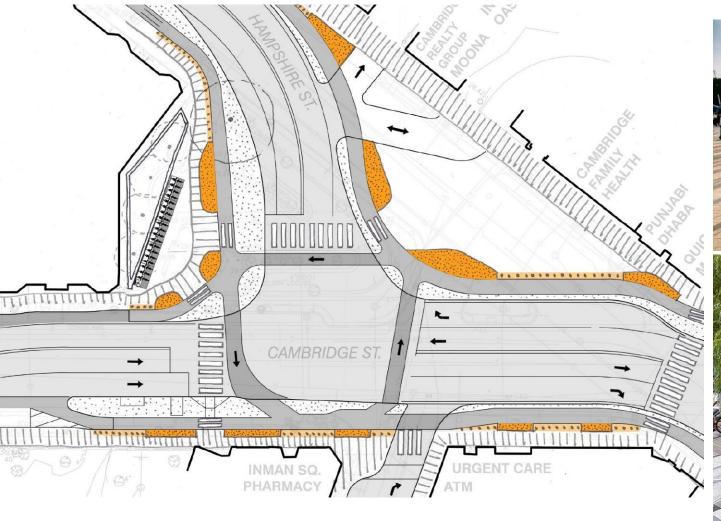






Bicycle/Pedestrian Edges

Porous Edge *e.g., broken/varied*





Bicycle/Pedestrian Edges

Hubway Station w/landscapebuffer

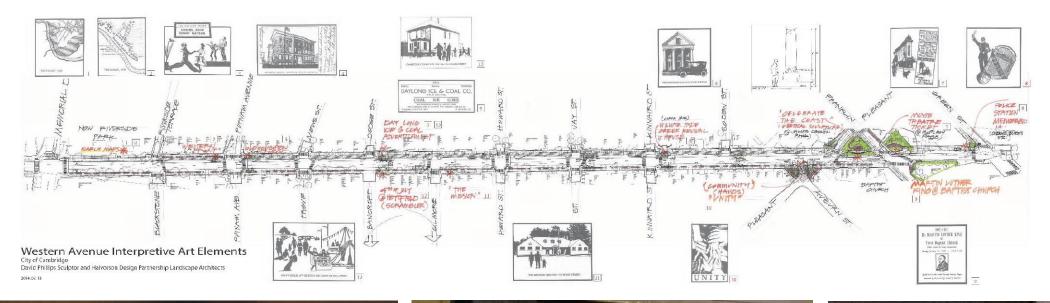




Memorialization



Memorialization

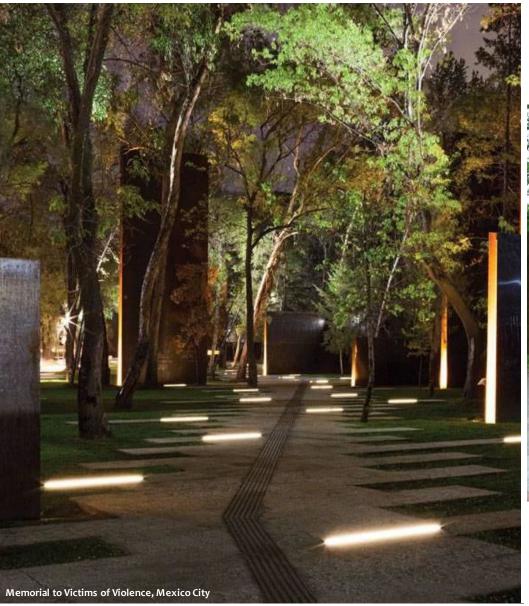














Place / Site / Landscape as Memorial

Site/Place as Memorial

QUESTION

In what ways do you imagine memorials being incorporated into the Plaza?

Site-Integrated Public Art



Art can operate at multiple scales within and beyond the Plaza ...







Site-Integrated Public Art



Art can integrate with the landscape elements and materials within the Plaza ...

Minneapolis Courthouse Plaza, MN





Site-Integrated Public Art

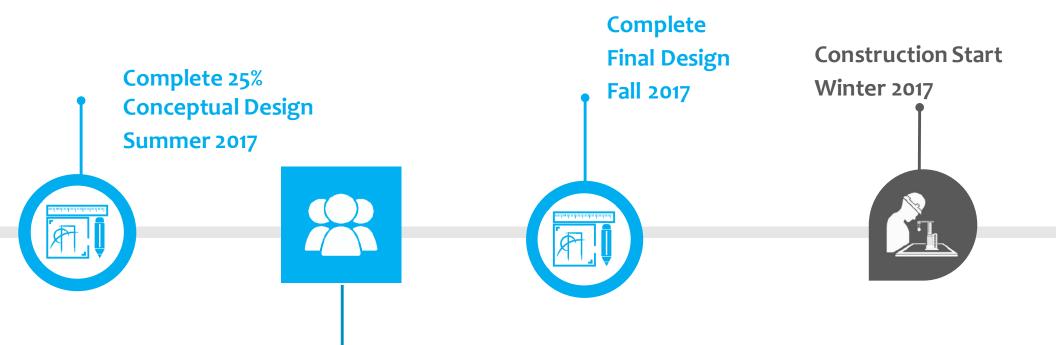
QUESTION

In what ways do you imagine art being incorporated into the Plaza?

Questions for Feedback

- 1. What elements will help make the Plaza welcoming and well-used? What do you like or not like about similar places?
- 2. What key features will help make the Plaza memorable?
- 3. In what ways do you imagine memorials being incorporated into the Plaza?
- 4. In what ways do you imagine art being incorporated into the Plaza?

NEXT STEPS **Next Steps**



Community Meetings #3 and #4; Stakeholder Group Meetings Summer/Fall 2017



CONTACT INFORMATION:

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